COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERING SCHOOL			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS			
	ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	SEMESTER B			
COURSE TITLE	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	2	4
Laboratory		2		
		Total	4	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:		ckground Cour	rse	
THEREQUISITE COURSES.	_			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
- 1. In-depth knowledge and understanding of the basic concepts and principles of object oriented programming
- 2. Experimental knowledge and skills to develop programming application using the object oriented programming paradigm
- 3. Knowledge and synthesis skills for the design and development of computer programs using the Java programming language

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project planning and management

with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the object oriented programming model.

Creative and inductive thinking to develop new strategic approaches for the problem solving process

1: Introduction to the Object Oriented Programming

Basic Concepts of the object oriented programming.

2: Code Development

Development of the first program using the Java programming language. Basic characteristics, basic syntax.

3: Variables

Data types and Variables, Constants, Operators, Assignments statements and Calculations.

4: Methods, Classes and objects

Classes and Objects, Inheritance, Encapsulation, Polymorphism

5: Decision Statements

Comparisons and decisions, operators, Nested comparison statements

6: Loops

Repetition statements

7. Arrays

One-dimensional Arrays, Multi-dimensional Arrays, Array Lists

8: Graphical User Interface

Classes and Interfaces. Graphical User Interface Programming, Applications development

9: Using Platforms

Platforms for applications development

10: Files, Programmer-Defined Types

Direct Access Files and Object Classes

11: Web Applications

Web applications development

12: Object oriented languages

Other languages for the object oriented paradigm such as JavaScript and Visual Basic. Presentation and comparisons

13: Introduction to development environments

Introduction to development environments

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures, laboratories Laboratory Education using ICT, Communication and Electronic Submission			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students				
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning	Activity Lectures Laboratories Team work Personal Study	26 26 20 20 28		
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	100		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, openended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Evaluation Language: Greek English for Erasmus students Theory: Final written exam: 100% Laboratory: Lab Assignment 100% The grade of the course is 60% x Theory +40% x Laboratory grades			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

•	Harvey Deitel, Paul Deitel, «Java Programming, 8 th edition», Γκιούρδας, 2010.			
•	• Γιώργος Λιακέας, "Εισαγωγή στη Java», Κλειδάριθμος, 2009.			